Approved For Release 2001/08/27 : CIA-RDP79-00498A000600030003-9 OGC. HAS REVIEWED.

KC PAR

26 April 1976

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Logistics

FROM

STATINTL

Chief, Printing & Photography Division, OL

SUBJECT

: Atlas Program

i. To comply with Agency policy of making unclassified publications available to the public, the Printing & Photography Division (P&PD) has been providing mechanical reproductions to the Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents (GPO/Sup Docs) for supplemental printing for public sale. Under this procedure there is a duplication of effort in the production cycle inasmuch as both CIA and GPO produce a similar product for their respective customers. This separate printing is mandated by a stipulation that the Sup Docs sales outlets are to be used only for material processed through GPO. Publications actually printed within the Agency cannot be offered for public sale through the Sup Docs without issuance of a waiver. Duplication is inherent under this established procedure.

- 2. For some time P&PD and GPO representatives have recognized the duplication of effort with the resultant cost inefficiencies in having atlases intended for the Intelligence Community printed internally and having a supplemental printing of copies by a commercial printer to be sold through the Sup Docs channels. In this supplemental printing the GPO administrative costs incurred in preparing the bid and awarding the contract as well as the profit of the commercial printer must be absorbed in the selling price of the publication.
- 3. To evercome the duplication of effort GPO has requested P&PD to print all atlases. At the time of printing, GPO proposes to forward a requisition to P&PD specifying the number of copies to print for public sale through Sup Docs. The proposal is based on reimbursement P&PD will charge GPO for labor and material for the added press run and binding operation plus 82% for overhead.

OL 6 2173

SUBJECT: Atlas Program

- 4. The proposal for P&PD to produce both the internal and public sales copies is a definite improvement over the present system. It aliminates the need for continuous negotiations between P&PD and GPO, as well as the Lengthy bidding process prior to awarding the contract. Unquestionably, the duration of the printing production cycle will be shortened. Price per copy would be reduced by approximately 50% due to the savings resulting from eliminating duplicate processes.
- 5. On the negative side, P&PD will have an additional burden with longer press and bindery production runs. However, it is not intended that these unclassified publications will conflictwith priority commitments. Essentially, the atlases will be produced on a nonpriority basis. P&PD feels that the advantages to be gained by the Government far outweigh the minimal production problems which may be entailed in producing the atlases.
- 6. P&PD, therefore, recommends that the GPO proposal be accepted. Your concurrence is requested. A waiver from GPO concurring in the proposal is attached. As you will note in the attachment, GPO has obtained a waiver to Title 44 from the Joint Committee on Printing.



STATINTL

Att

Distribution:

Orig - Addressee

1 - OL Reading File

(1)- OL/P&PD (Official)

STATINTL

OL/P&PD: 4111 (26 Apr 76)

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1002 EDIT PIDD TO YELL
GSA FFMR (41 CPR) 101-11.8

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

STATINTL TO

Mr

DATE: April 14, 1976

Production Manager

Central Intelligence Agency
: Customer Service Manager

FROM : Custo

U.S. Government Printing Office

SUBJECT: World Atlases, Volume I, Western Hemisphere

In conversation with Mr. Beach, Assistant Staff Director, Joint Committee on Printing, he stated that the CIA was considered exempt from the provisions of Title 44 U.S.C. Therefore, the purchase of the Atlases in question from the CIA for sale by the Superintendent of Documents did not violate the intent of those Regulations. We were given permission to proceed.



4111

Atlas Program

Cheef, Printing & Photography Division, OL

OL 6 2173

26 April 1976

Director of Logistics

Mike: We did not take the initiative in this matter. We serve as an intermediary between OGCR and GPO due to our liaison responsibilities with the Public Printer. OGCR interest is twofold: first, they want their unclassified products made available to the public; second, they want these products available on a timely basis to avoid a rash of requests from the public once it hits the Government recipients. It has taken GPO up to 6 months to contract and obtain copies for public sale.

This is obviously a policy matter. We might even need a legal opinion? I don't know what authority JCP has to waive our obligations under Title 44. I guess they can.

TATINTL

1 4 MAY 1976

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Logistics

THROUGH : Deputy Director of Logistics

SUBJECT : Atlas Program

REFERENCES: (a) OL 6 2173, attached, dtd 26 Apr 76, Comments fm C/P&PD/OL and Request for Legal Opinion by DD/L

(b) Memo for DD/L fm C/P&PD/OL dtd 26 Apr 76, same subject

(c) Gov't memo fm R. J. McKendry, GPO, to
Production Manager,
P&PD/OL; subject: World Atlases,
Vol. I, Western Hemisphere, dtd 14 Apr 76

(d) Extract fm Congressional Director 1976 re Joint Committee on Printing, attached

- 1. This memorandum confirms conversations with the Deputy Director of Logistics and Deputy Chief, Printing and Photography Division, Office of Logistics (P&PD/OL), and the undersigned, 11 May 1976, concerning the legality of printing additional Atlases beyond the Agency's need for distribution and sale by Superintendent of Documents. The facts relevant to the problem have been detailed in reference (b) and need not be repeated here. It is understood that the particular Atlas is a unique document not available in like form elsewhere.
- 2. Reference (c) caused concern since Mr. R. J. McKendry, Government Printing Office (GPO), in response to inquiry by P&PD as to whether or not that division could properly print the additional Atlases, stated that the Agency was "exempt" from the provisions of Title 44 U.S.C. according to Mr. Paul Peach, Staff Assistant for the Joint Committee on Printing (JCP). Title 44 U.S.C., it should be noted, covers Public Printing and Documents. Title 44 U.S.C. 101 states the JCP shall consist of the chairman and two members of the Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate and the chairman and two members of the Committee on House Administration of the House. Currently its membership is detailed in reference (d), attached.

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3. In an effort to ascertain the validity of the professed exemption to Title 44, Office of Legislative Counsel contacted the JCP. He was informed by Mr. Denver Dickenson, Staff Assistant and Alternate Staff Director, of the same information as Mr. Paul Peach reportedly had told to Mr. McKendry, GPO. Essentially JCP is of the opinion that

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Moreover, having been apprised in detail of the proposed printing of the Atlases, Mr. Dickenson reportedly saw no committee objection.

- 4. The undersigned does not concur with the claim of general exemption from all provisions of Title 44.
- 5. It is the opinion of this Office, however, that the proposed plan to print the Atlases is within the provisions of Title 44 and, therefore, permissible regardless of whether or not the Agency is exempt from Title 44.
- 6. There are two basic issues present in this case, namely, the right to print and the right to sell printed materials.

That provision is not inconsistent with 44 U.S.C. 501, which essentially provides all printing . . . of the Government shall be done at the Government Printing Office, except

- (1) classes of work the Joint Committee on Printing considers to be urgent or necessary to have done elsewhere; and
- (2) printing in field printing plants . . . if approved by the Joint Committee on Printing.

To this end, 44 U.S.C. 103 provides that the JCP:

may use any measures it considers necessary to remedy neglect, delay, duplication, or wastes in the public printing and binding and the distribution of Government publications.

It is clear from the recent Office of Legislative Counsel inquiry that such measures have been employed by the JCP in permitting P&PD press facilities to make the extra press run.

Furthermore, 44 U.S.C. 1702 states:

. . . When an officer of the Government having in his charge documents published for sale desires to be relieved of them, he may turn them over to the Superintendent of Documents, who shall receive and sell them under this section. Moneys received from the sale of the documents shall be returned to the Public Printer on the first day of each month and be covered into the Treasury monthly.

- In the instant case, the Agency will merely be reimbursed the cost of printing the additional Atlasses by the The Atlas will be turned over to the Superintendent of Documents in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 1702 for sale by that office within GPO. The low volume, high start-up costs for GPO to solely perform the work would make the Atlas printing economically undefensible without resorting to this plan. The JCP, which by law has remedial powers to use any measures it considers necessary to remedy neglect, . . . duplication or wastes, has approved the Agency's use of its presses.
- Therefore, for reasons detailed above, it is the opinion of this Office that no legal objection exists to the implementation of the Atlas program.

Logistics and Procurement

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Law Division Office of General Counsel

Atts

cc: C/P&PD

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Maps of the World's Nations





Maps of the World's Nations

Volume I Western Hemisphere January 1976

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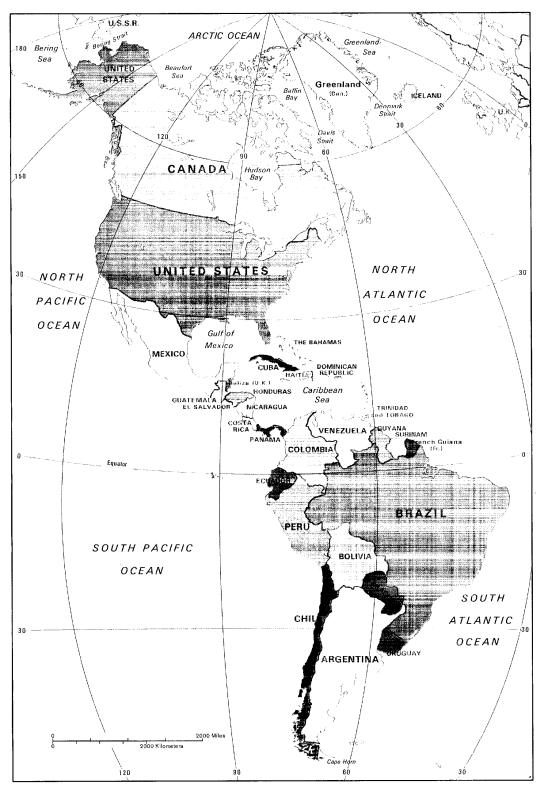
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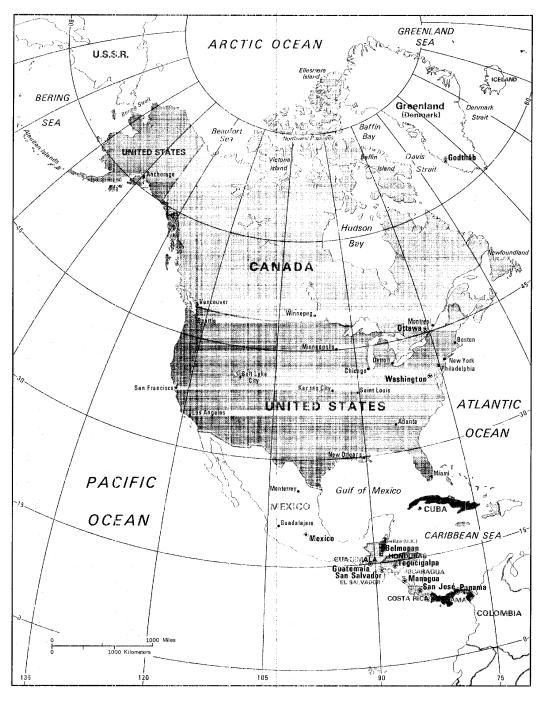
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	State or province boundary						
⊛	National capital		Road				
•	Other capital	*******	Railroad				
🛧 Airport							

Names and boundary representation are not necessarily authoritative

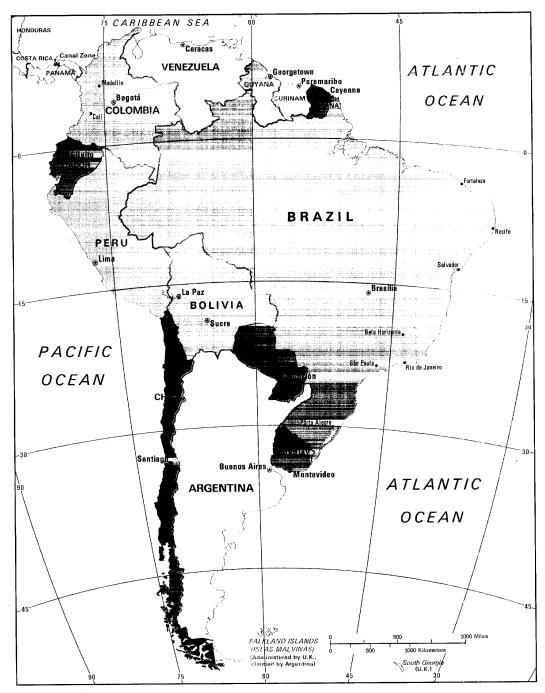
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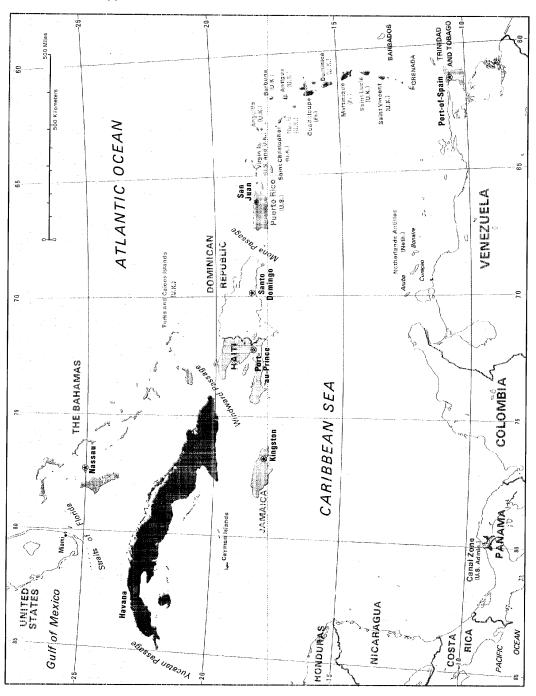
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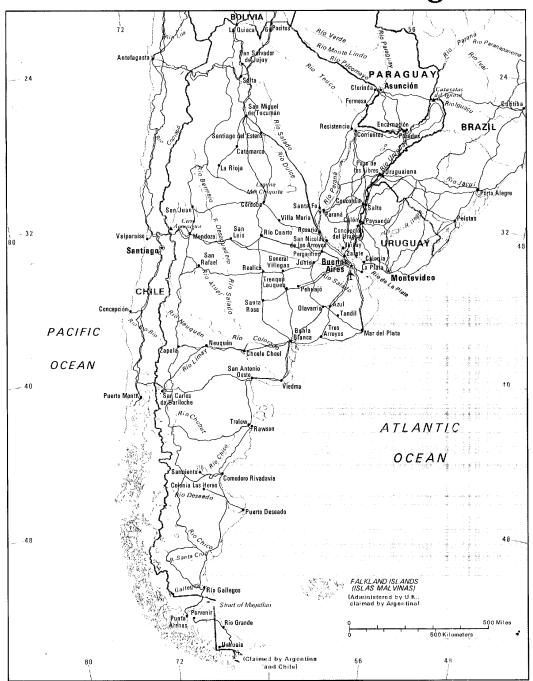


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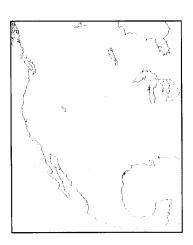


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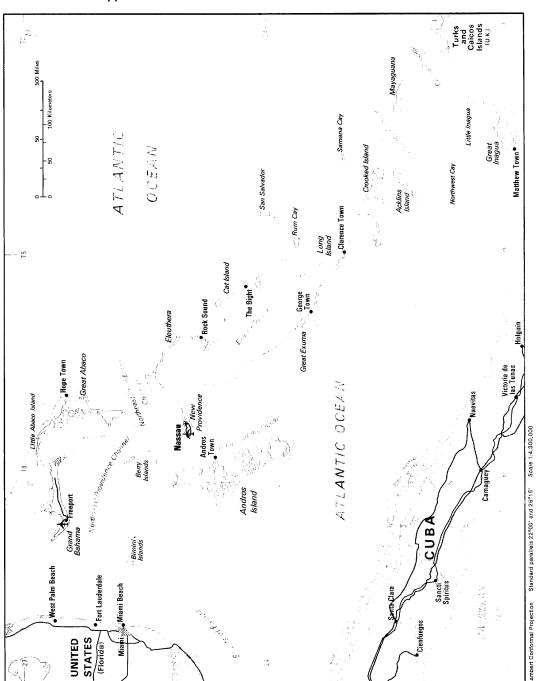


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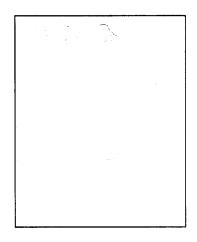


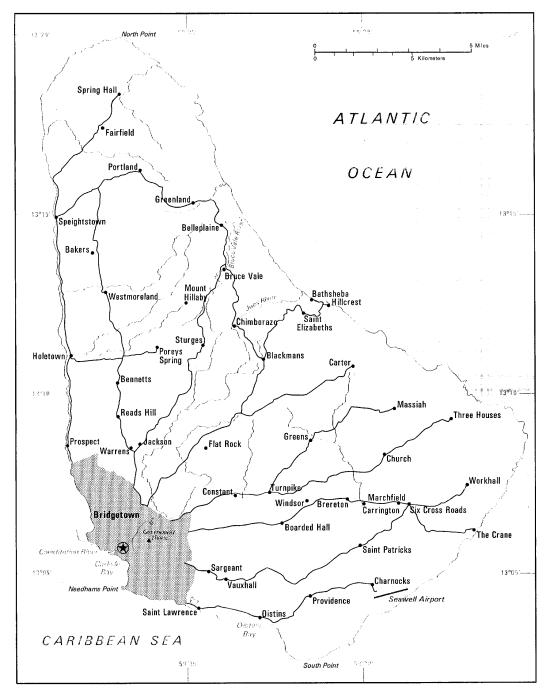
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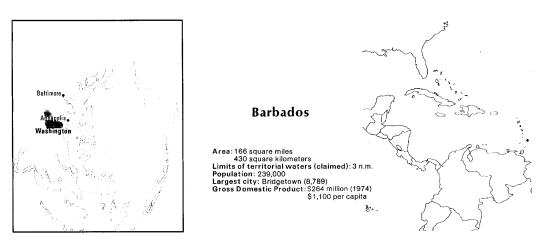




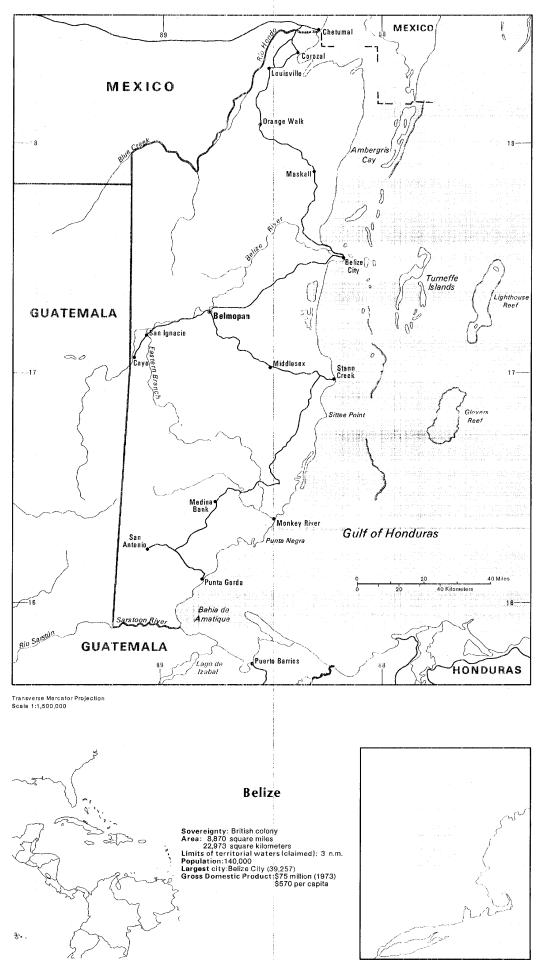


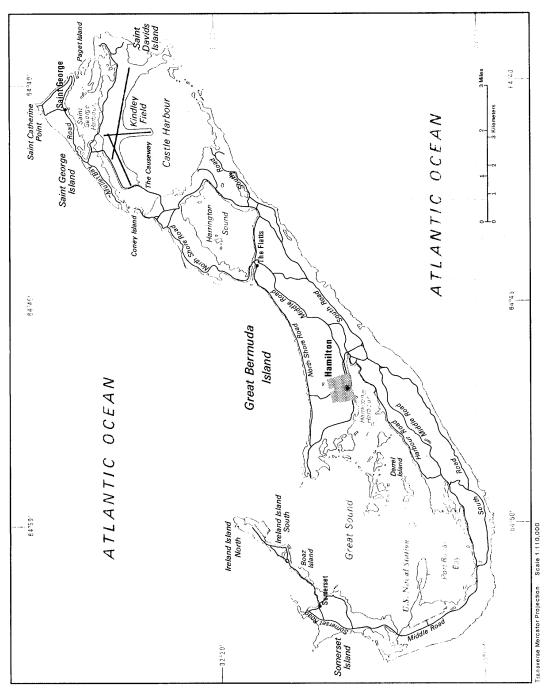


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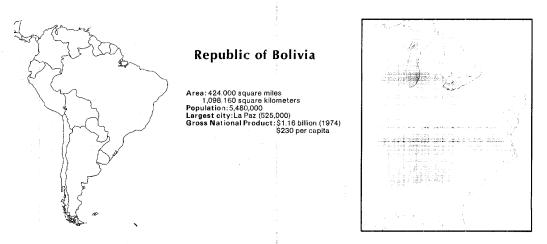


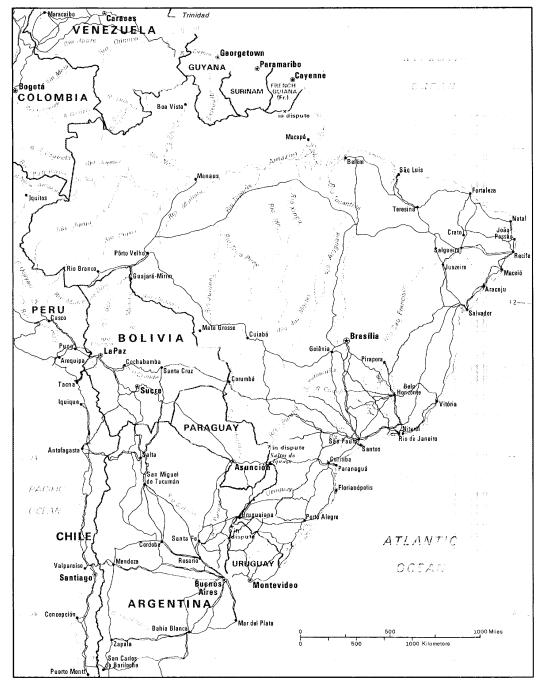


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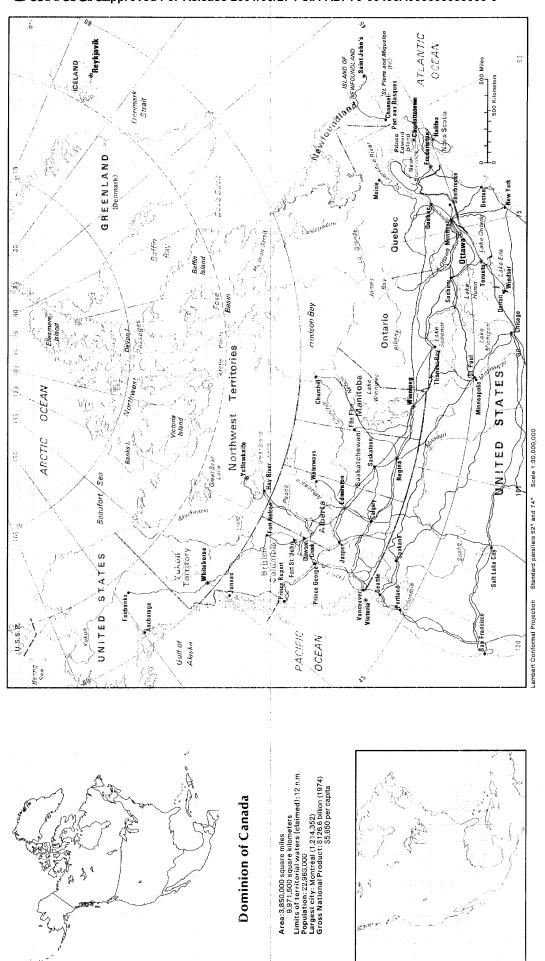




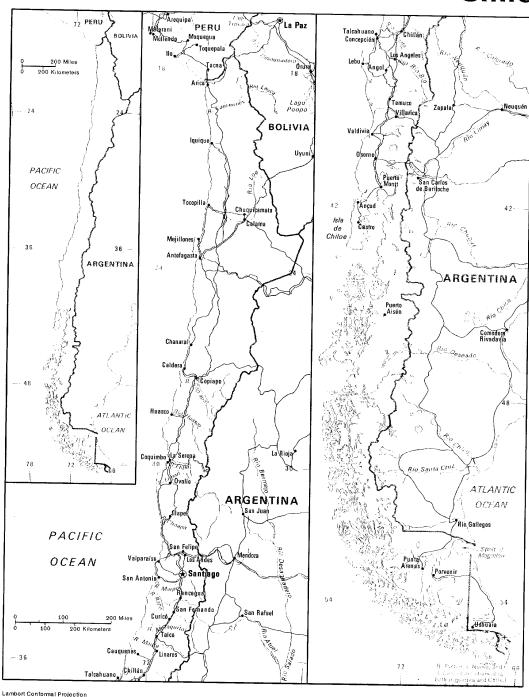
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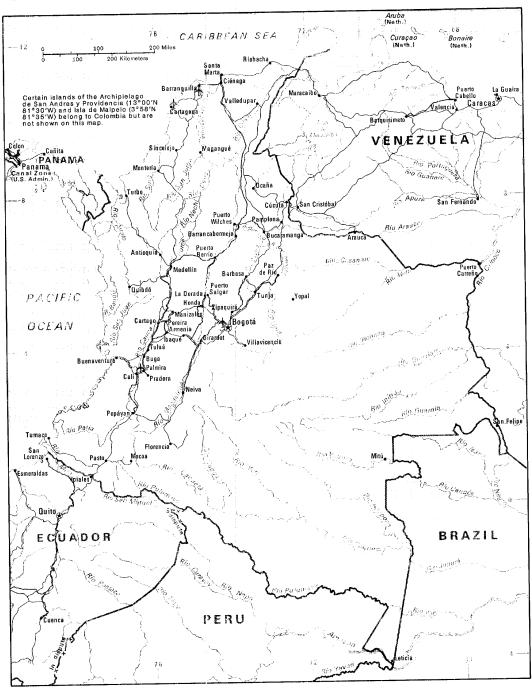


Republic of Chile rea: 286,000 square miles 740,740 square kilometers mits of territorial waters (claimed): 3 n m

Area: 286,000 square miles 740,740 square kilometers Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 3 n.m. Population:10,675,000 Largest city: Santlago (510,246) Gross Domestic Product: \$8.11 billion (1974) \$840 per capita



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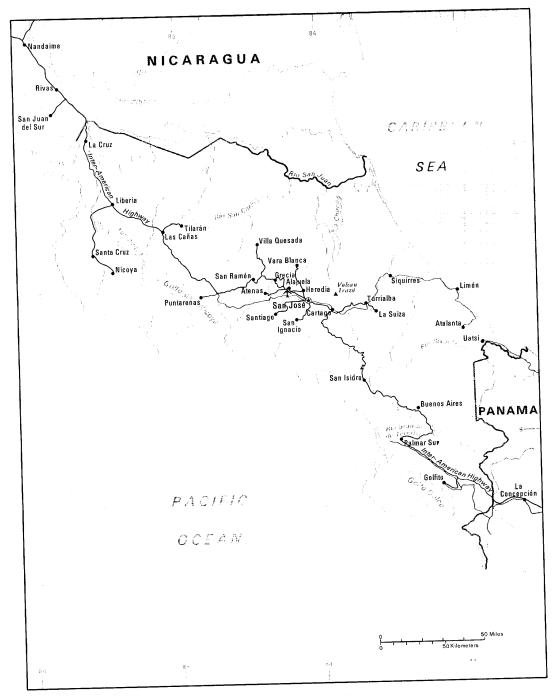
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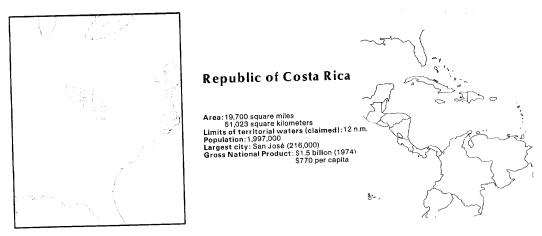
Republic of Colombia

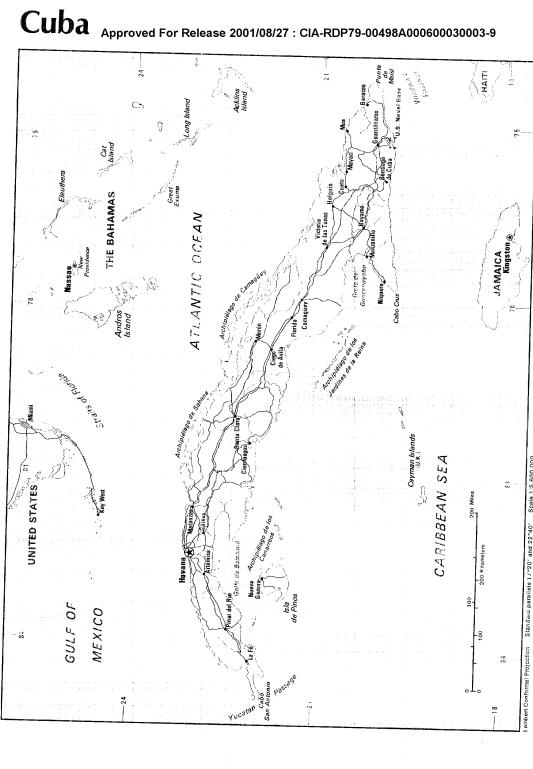
Area: 440,000 square miles 1,139,600 square kilometers Limits of territorial waters (claimed):12 n.m. Population: 22,549,000 Largest bity: Blogotá (2,148,400) Gross Niational Product:\$10.52 billion (1974) \$420 per capita





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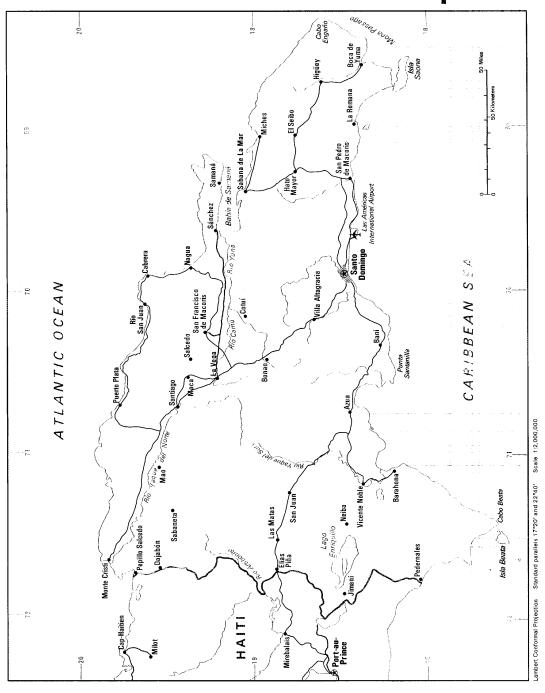


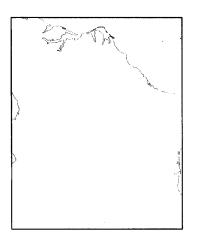


Republic of Cuba



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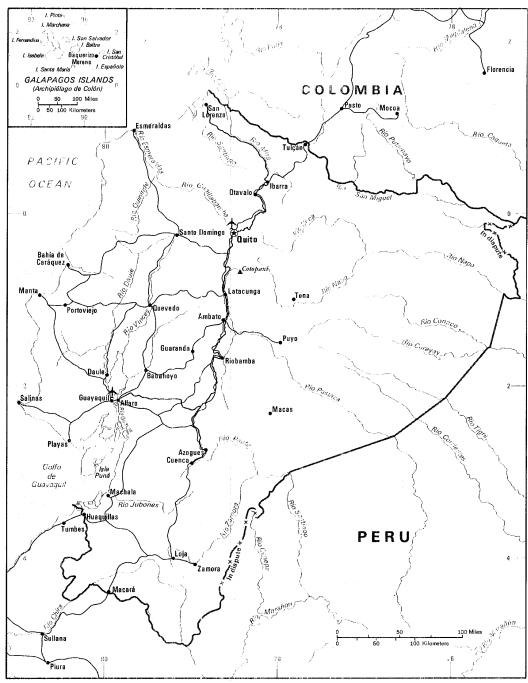


Dominican Republic

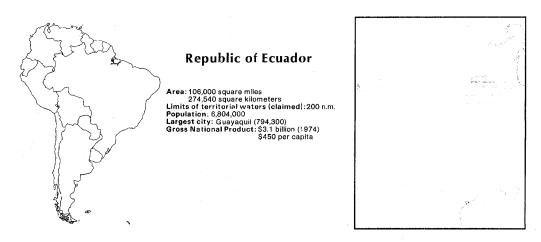
Area:18,800 square miles
48,682 square kilometers
Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 6 n.m.
Population 47,68,000
Largest city:5anto Domingo (673,470)
Gross National Product:53 hillon (1974)



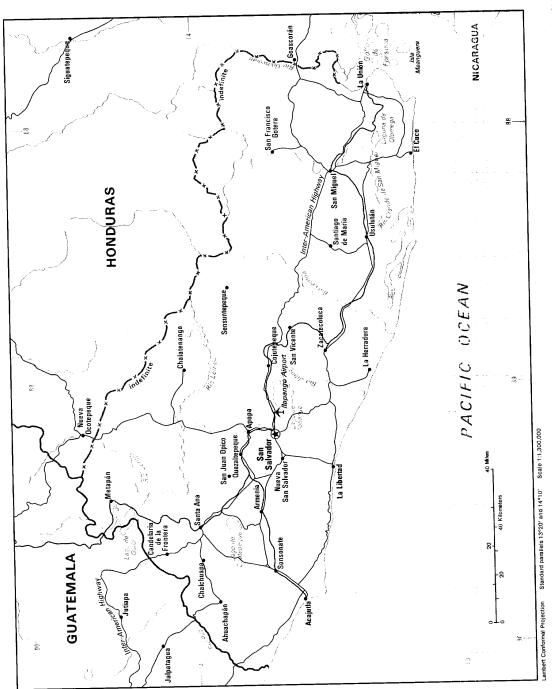
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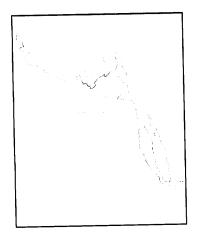


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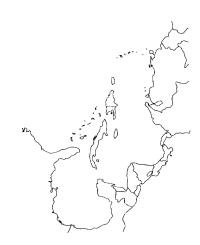
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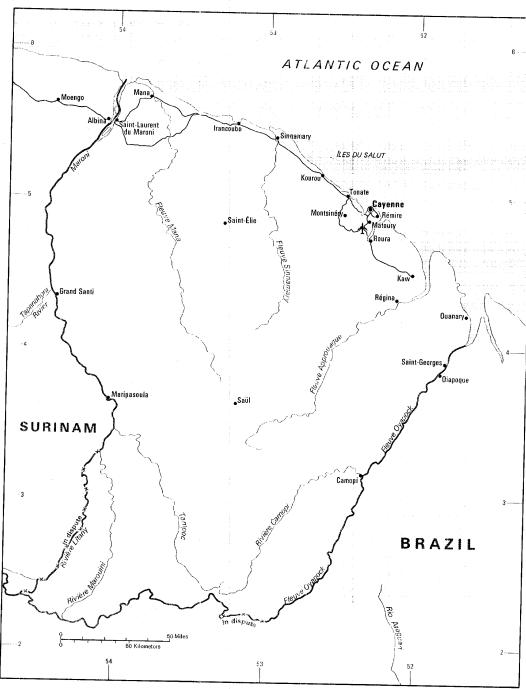


Republic of El Salvador

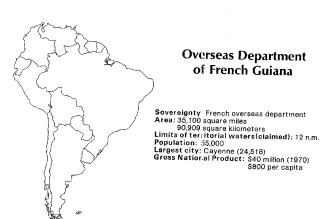
Area: 8,260 square miles 21,333 square kilometers 21,333 square kilometers Limits of territorial waters (claimed):20 Population 4,161,000 Largest city; San Salvador (387,171) Gross National Product;3,1 6 billion (197



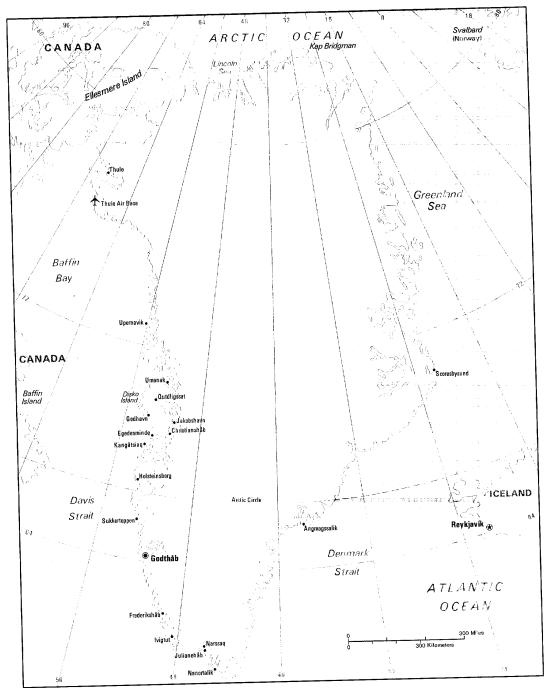
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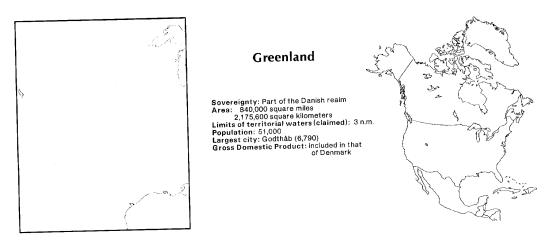
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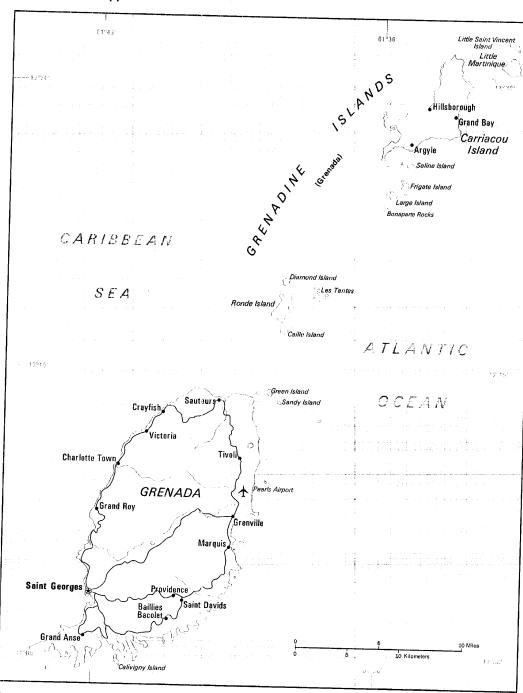




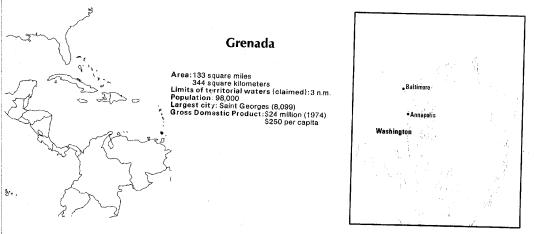
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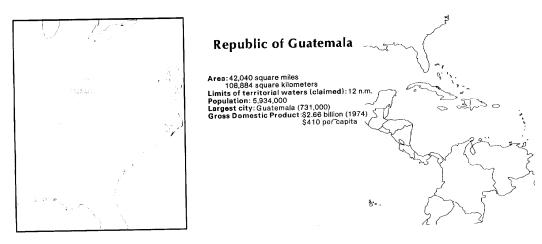


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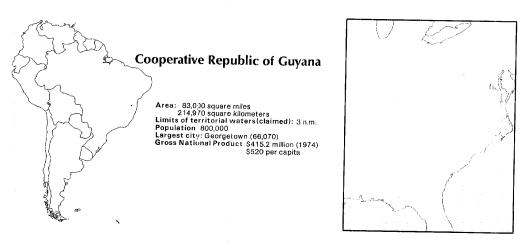
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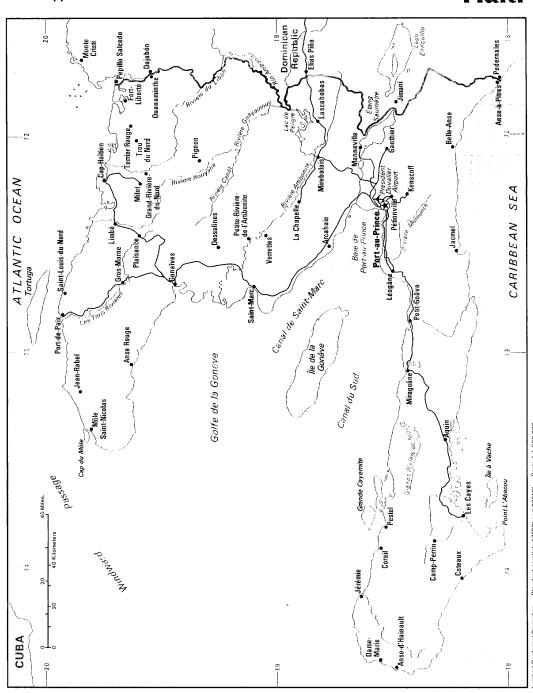
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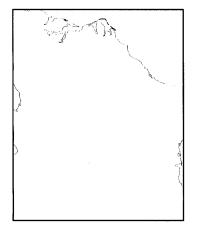


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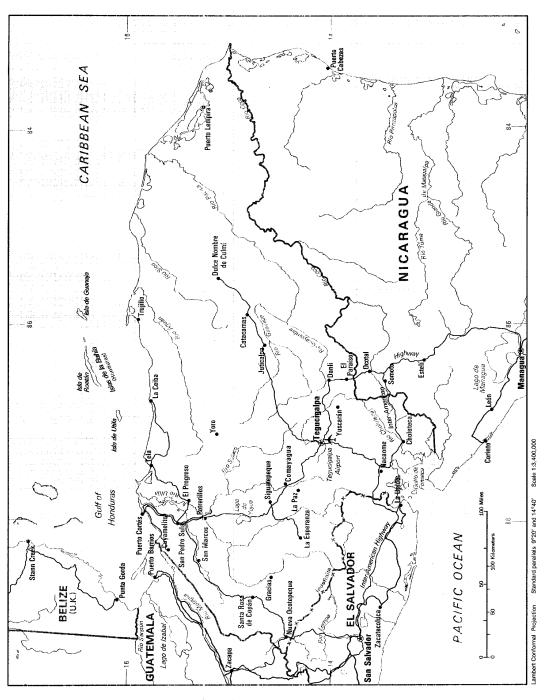


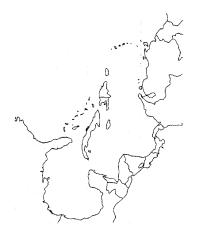






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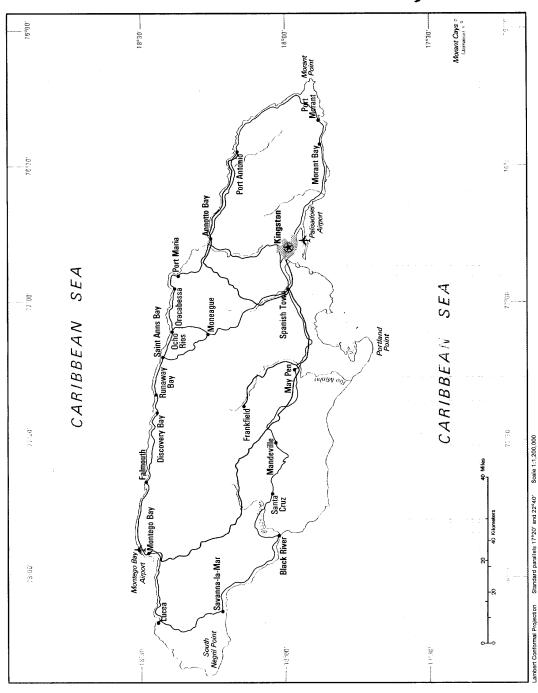


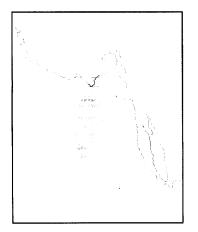


Republic of Honduras

Area: 43:300 square miles
112,147 square kilometers
Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 12 n.m.
Population: 2,786,000
Largest city: Tegucigalpa (222,300)
Gross National Product: \$850 million (1974)





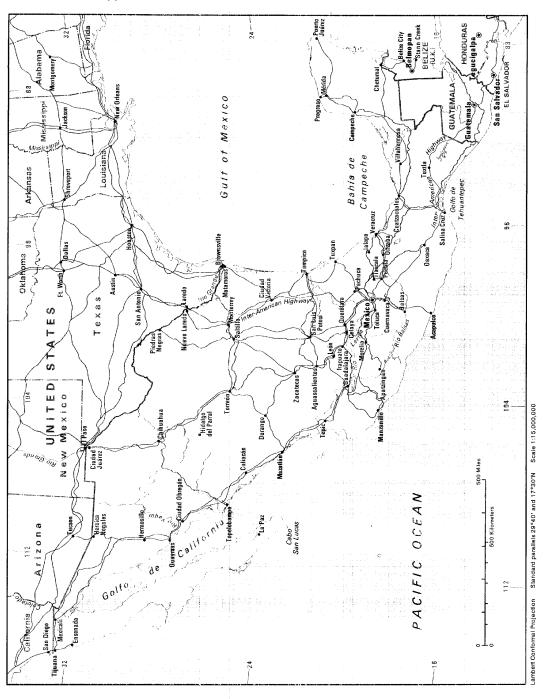


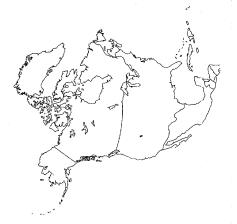




Jamaica

Mexicopproved For Release 2001/08/27 : CIA-RDP79-00498A000600030003-9





United Mexican States

There: 764,000 square miles

1,978,000 square kilometers

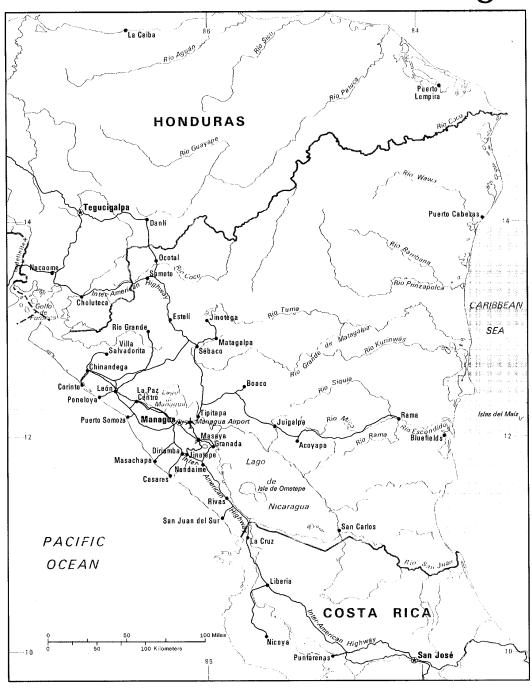
Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 11

Population: 61,009,000

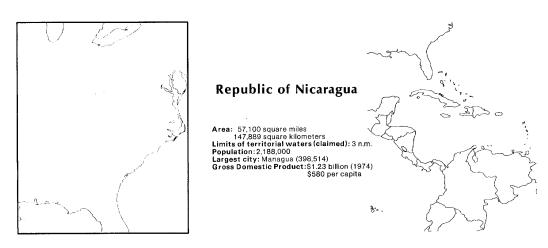
Largest city: Maxico (2,902,969)

Gross Domestic Product;564,8 Billion (15

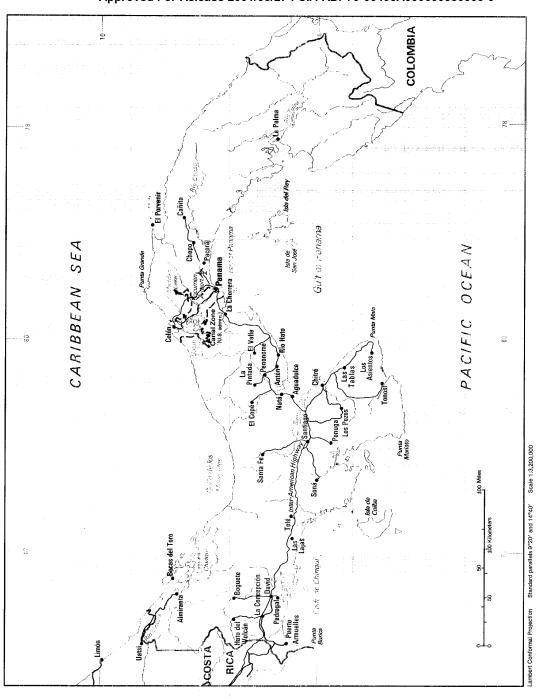


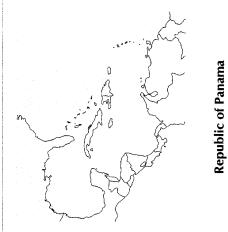


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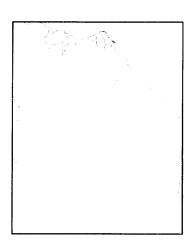


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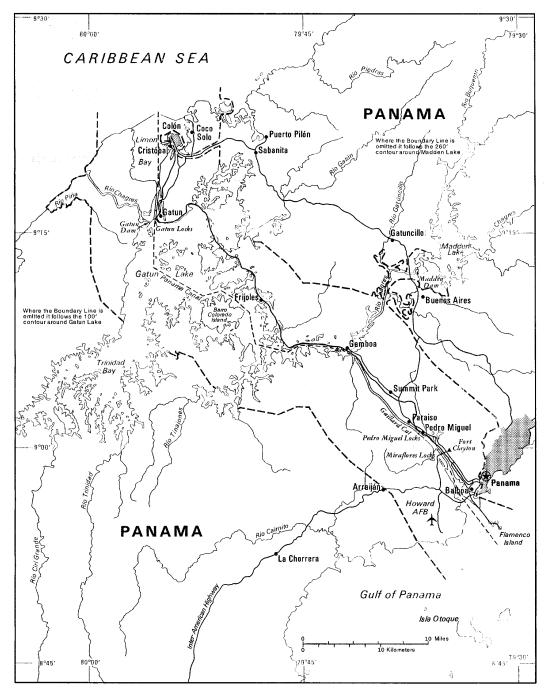




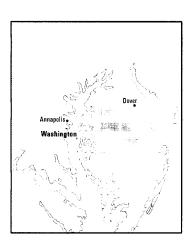


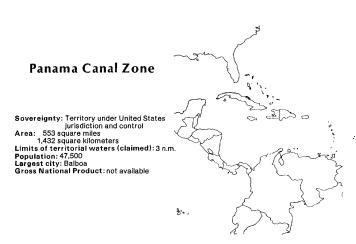


Approved For Release 2001/08/27 : CIP-RATA APPRADO 60 401 & Zone

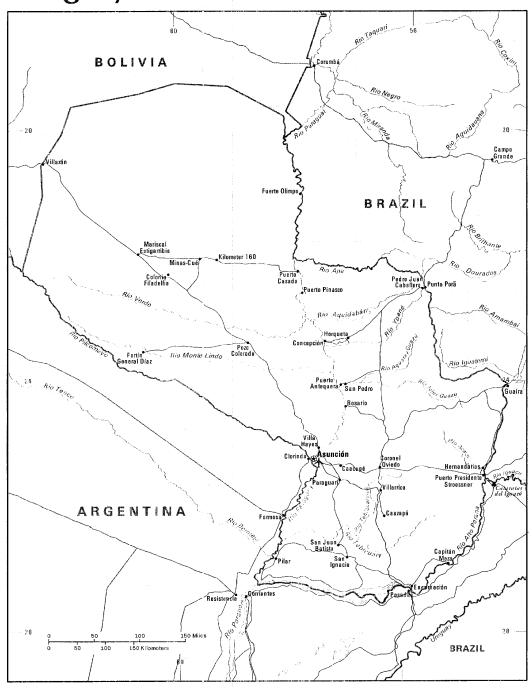


Transverse Mercator Projection Scale 1:400,000





Paraguay roved For Release 2001/08/27 : CIA-RDP79-00498A000600030003-9

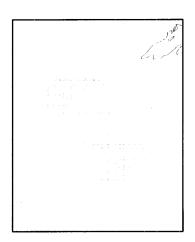


Lambert Conformal Projection Standard parallels 20°45' and 26°10' Scale 1:5,500,000



Republic of Paraguay

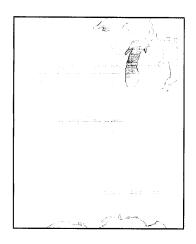
Area: 157,000 square miles 406,630 square kilometer Population: 2,582,000 Largest city: Asunción (385,000) Gross Domestic Product: \$1 billion (1974) \$400 per capita

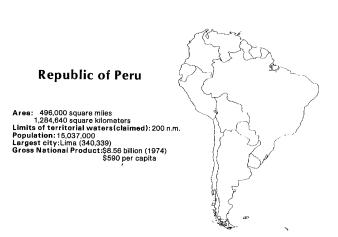




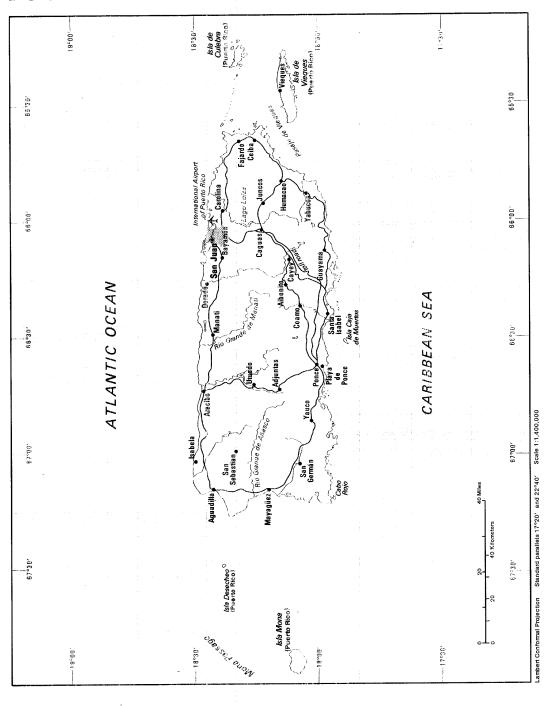


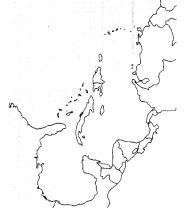
Lambert Conformal Projection Standard parallels 3°00' and 15°20' Scale 1:10,000,000





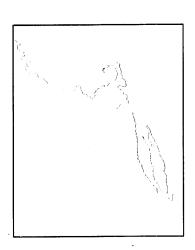
Puerto Rico For Release 2001/08/27 : CIA-RDP79-00498A000600030003-9

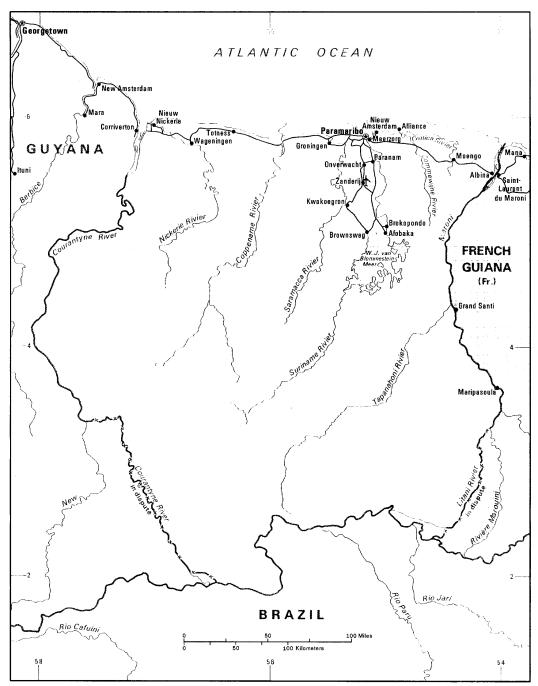




Commonwealth of Puerto Rico

Sovereignty: Commonwealth associated with the United States
Area: 3,435 square miles
8,895 square wildneters
Limits of ferritorial waters (claimed): 3 n.m. Population: 2,794,000
Largest city: San Juan (463,242)
Gross National Product; 55,89 billion (1973)





Lambert Conformal Projection Standard parallels 2°30' and 3°20' Scale 1:3,000,000

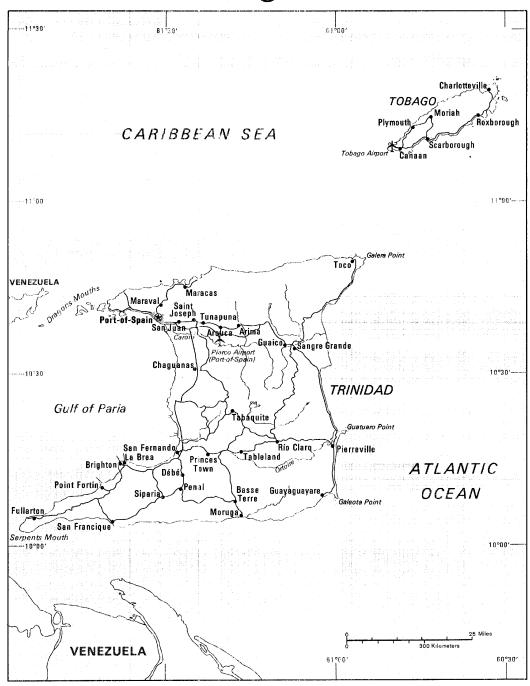


Surinam

Area: 55,100 square miles
142,709 square kilometers
Limits of territorial waters(claimed): 3 n.m.
Population: 421,000
Largest city: Paramaribo (110,867)
Gross National Product: \$395 million (1974)
\$850 per capita



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Lambert Conformal Projection Standard parallels 9°20' and 14°40' Scale 1:1,000,000

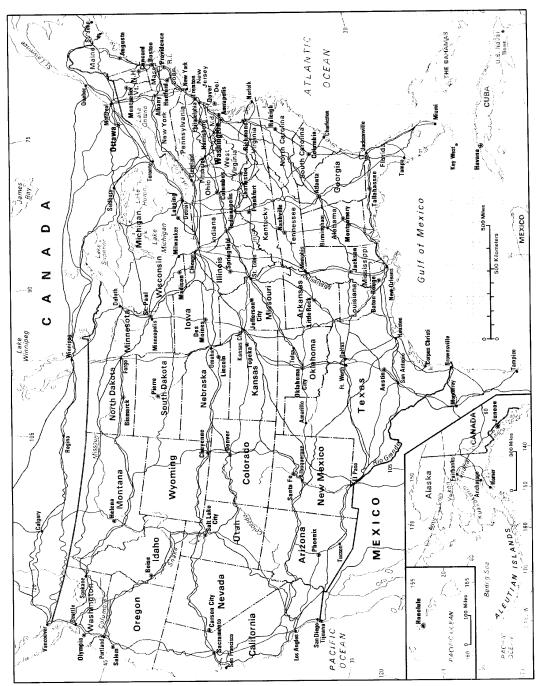


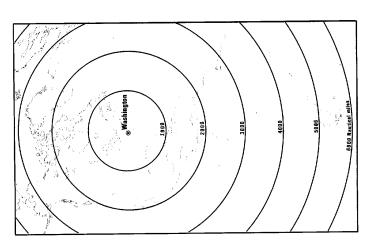
Trinidad and Tobago

Area: 1,980 square miles
5,128 square kilometers
Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 12 n.m.
Population: 1,020,000
Largest city: Port-of-Spain (67,867)
Gross Domestic Product: \$1.5 billion (1974)
\$1,500 per capita



Approved For Release 2001/08/27: CIA-RDP79-00498A Denited States

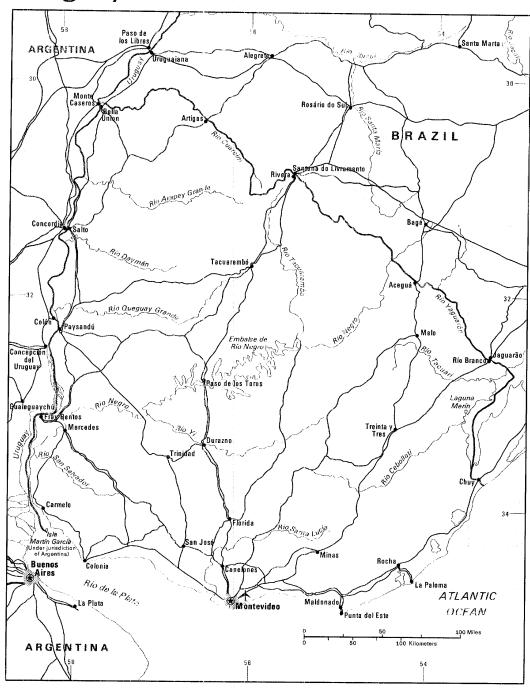




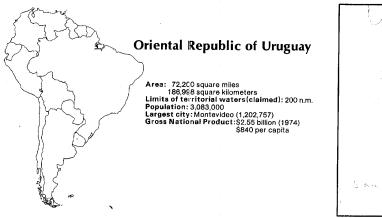
United States of America

Area: 3,615,211 square miles
9,363,964 square kilometers
Limits of ferritoria waters (claimed): 3 n.m.
Population: 21,624,000
Largest city: New York (7,775,000)
Gross National Product; \$1,4 trillion (1974)
\$6,600 per capita

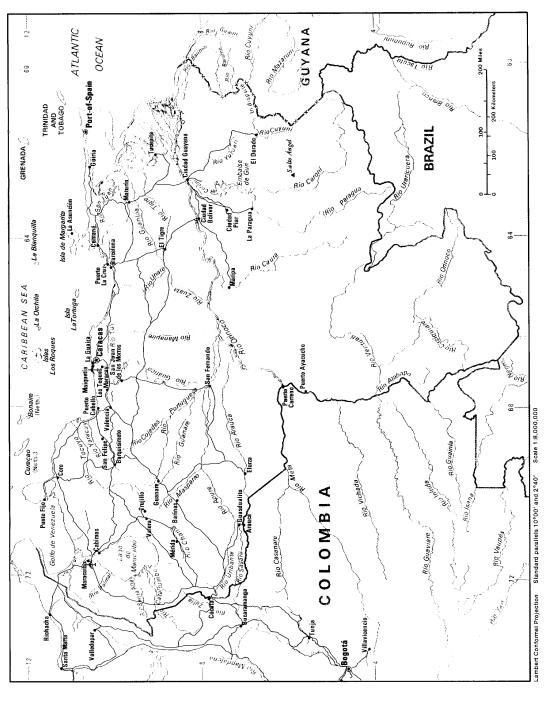
Uruguayoroved For Release 2001/08/27: CIA-RDP79-00498A000600030003-9

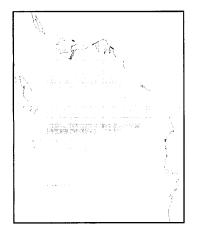


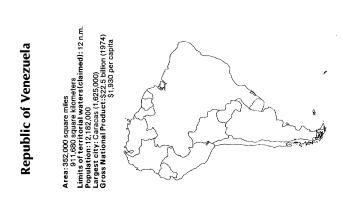
Lambert Conformal Projection Standard parallels 31°00' and 34°10' Scale 1:3,200,000



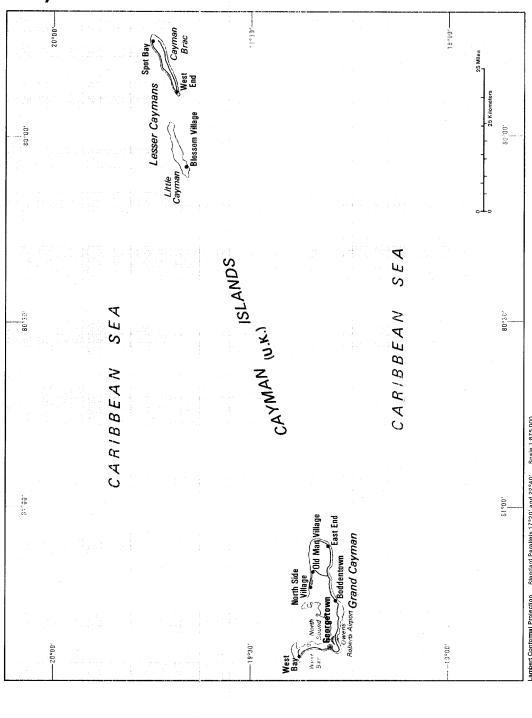


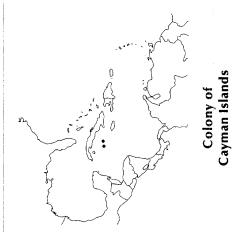




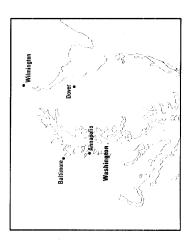


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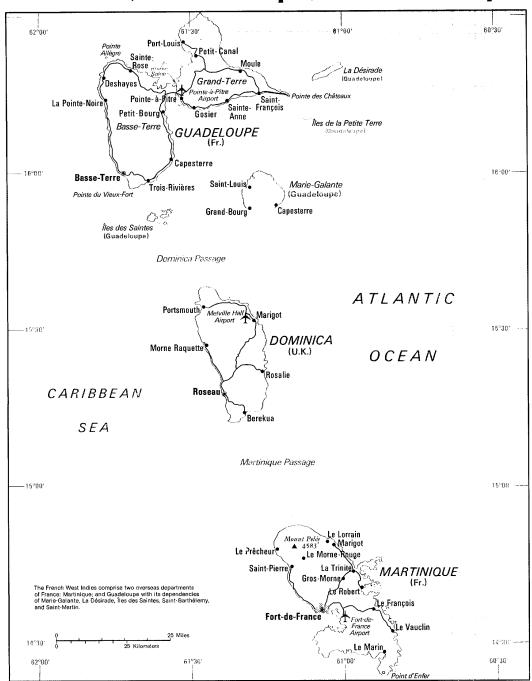




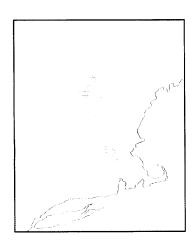




Dominica, Guadeloupe, and Martinique



Lambert Conformal Projection



State of Dominica

Sovereignty: Brilish associated state
Area: 305 square miles
790 square kilometers
Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 3 n.m.
Population: 77,000
Largest city: Roseau (10.157)
Gross Domestic Product: \$21 million (1971)
\$270 par capita

Overseas Department of Guadeloupe

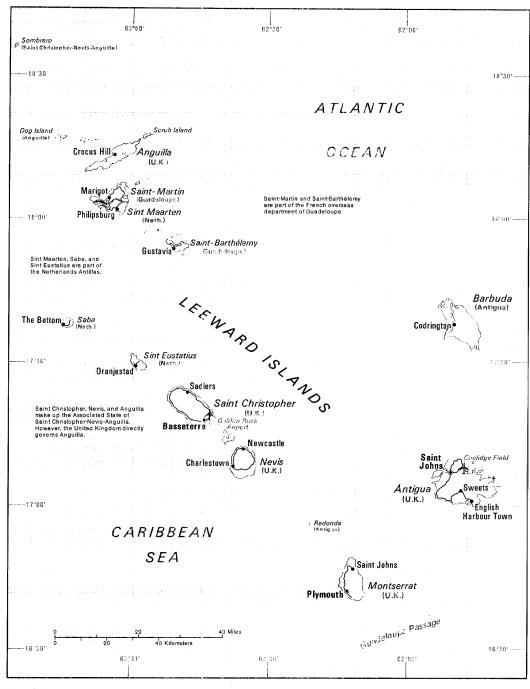
Sovereignty: French overseas department Area: 687 square milles 1,779 square kilometers Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 12 n.m. Population: 355,000 Largest city: Basse-Terre (15,690) Gross Domestic Product: \$302 million (1971) \$880 per capita

Overseas Department of Martinique

Overseas Department of martining the Soversignty-French overseas department Area: 425 square miles 1,101 square kilometers Limits of territorial waters (claimed):12 n.m. Population:347,000 Largest city-Fort-de-France (96,943) Gross National Product: \$339 million (1971) \$930 per capita



Leeward sands 2001/08/27 : CIA-RDP79-00498A000600030003-9



Lambert Conformal Projection Standard parallels 17°20' and 22°40' Scale 1:1,200,000



State of Antigua

Sov (reignty: British associated state Area: 108 square miles 280 square kilometers Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 3 n m. Population: 72,000 Largast city: Saint Johns (21,595) Gross Domestic Product S30 million (1973) \$395 per capita

State of Saint Christopher-Nevis-Anguilla

Sovereignty: British associated state
Area: 150 square miles
388 square kilometers
Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 3 n.m.
Pop Lation: 69,000
Largist city: Basseterre (13,055)
Gros: Domestic Product: \$15.2 million (1968)
\$260 per capita

Colony of Montserrat

Colony of Montacism.

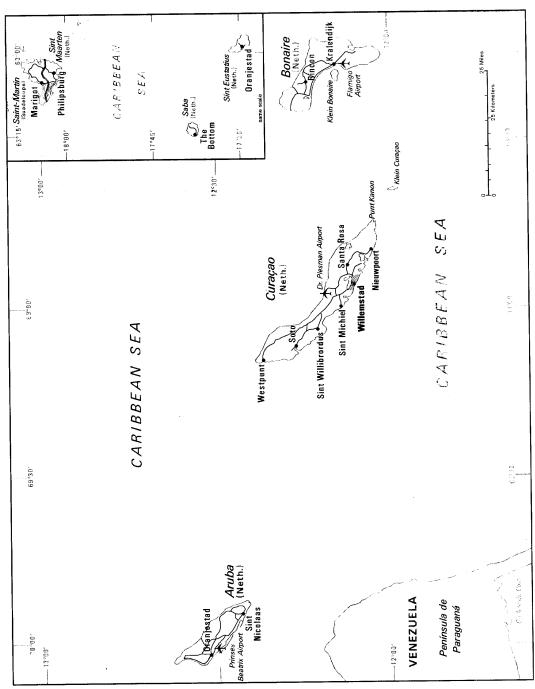
Sovereignty: British colony

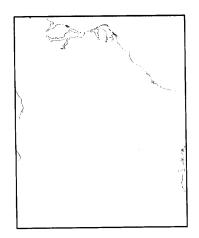
Area 32 square miles

: 83 square kilometers
: 83 square kilometers (claimed): 3.n.m.
Population: 12,300
Largest city: Plymouth (1,230)
Gross: Domestic Product: \$5.9 million (1970)
\$480 per capita



Approved For Release 2001/08/27 : Aletherlands Antilles



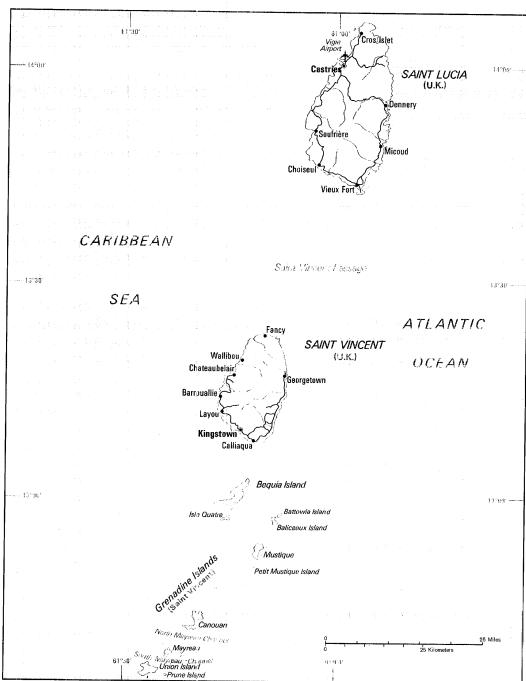


Netherlands Antilles

Sovereignty: Part of the Netherlands realm
Area: 394 square miles
1.020 square kilometers
Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 3 nm.
Population: 241,000
Largest city: Willemstad (43,547)
Gross Domestic Product: \$209 million (1973)



Saint Lucia and Saint Vincent 00600030003-9



Lambert Conformal Projection Standard parallels 9°20' and 14°40' Scale 1:800,000



State of Saint Lucia

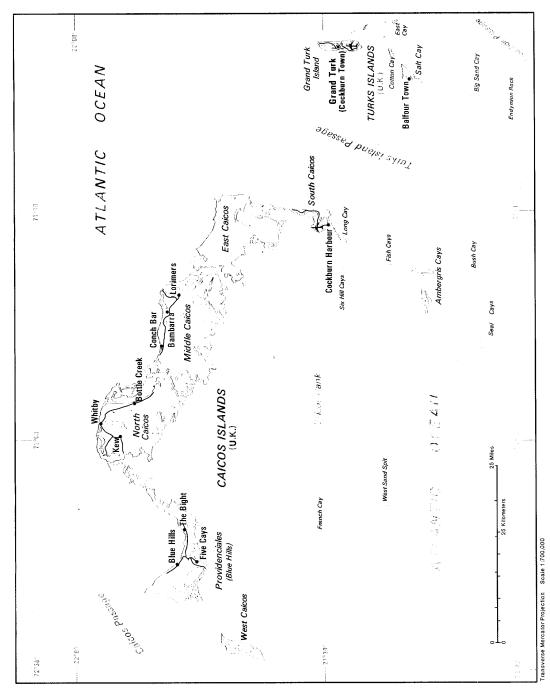
Sovereignty: British associated state
Area: 238 square miles
616 square kilometers
Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 3 n.m.
Population: 109,000
Largest. city: Castries (39,132)
Gross Domestic Product: \$33.2 million (1971)
\$290 per capita

State of Saint Vincent

Sovereignty: British associated state
Area: 150 square miles
389 square kilometers
Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 3 n.m.
Population: 95,000
Largest city: Kingstown (22,000)
Gross Domestic Product:\$20 million (1971)
\$200 per capita



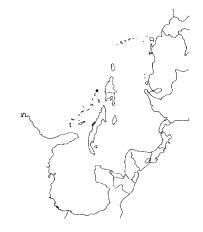
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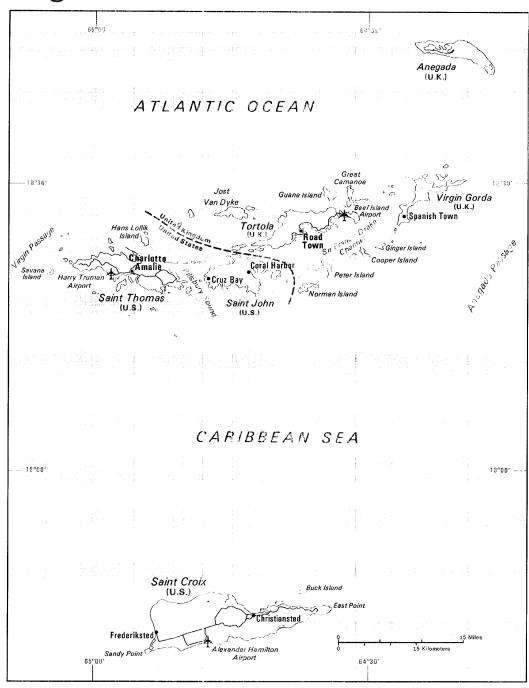


Colony of Turks and Caicos Islands

Sovereignty: British colony
Area: 166 Square miles
430 Square kilometers
Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 3 n.m
Populaition: 6006
Largest city: Grand Turk (2,000)
Largest city: Grand Turk (2,000)
Gross Domestic Product: 512 million (1965



Virgin Land Selease 2001/08/27 : CIA-RDP79-00498A000600030003-9



Lambert Conformal Projection Standard parallels 17°20' and 22°40' Scale 1:800,000



Colony of the British Virgin Islands

Virgin Islands of the United States

Sovereignty: United States organized unincorporated territory
Area:133 square miles
344 square kilometers
Limits of territorial waters (claimed): 3 n.m.
Population:165,000
Largest city: Charlotte Amalie (12,220)
Gross Domestic Product:not available

